# SIERRA COSWORTH 4X4

The 4x4 Saph's roots were planted in rallying. Now have some fourby fun on the road.

ient than that of it

inside, although the new

model's Ghia-based interior

did benefit from steering

air con, and leather trim.

Despite the addition

of 4wd the Saph couldn't

eclipse its rally rivals, but

out of the forests

a runaway

and on the public

highway it was

success. It's

buyers and by

pensioned off in 1992,

the time it was

it had been bought by over

12,000 RS-loving motorists.

Saph is often overlooked in

favour of its all-conquering

those with smaller pockets

it's the best way to sample

4x4 Cosworth performance.

Couple this performance

Escort successor, but for

These days the 4wd

£24,995 price

tag didn't deter

column adjustment optional

ood as it was, the 2wd Saph Cosworth couldn't keep up with 4wds from the likes of Lancia and Toyota.

Ford's Special Vehicle Engineering (SVE) department was tasked with making the Saph 4wd. Daunting as it sounded it had a 4x4's larger inte helping hand in the shape of the running gear of the XR4x4.

Aside from mods to the sump, stiffening up the bulkhead and inner wings, plus a bit of nibbling to the front chassis rails to allow clearance for the movement of the driveshafts, it was straightforward to bolt the XR's Ferguson-developed 34/66 per cent split 4wd system to the Saph's body and Cosworth powerplant.

The XR's MT75 five-speed 'box was used too, but SVE did fettle the YB. The capacity and compression ratio remained unchanged but 80 per cent of the 4x4's YB was new, including stiffer RS500-style block, stronger head casting and gasket, new cam profiles, bigger intercooler, Mahle pistons and Garrett T03B turbo. An unleaded catalytic converter-equipped version was also available and was denoted by a rather apt green cam cover.

Although the 2wd Saph's spring and damper rates were retained the 4x4's suspension was beefed-up with stiffer anti-roll bars, while the brakes were upgraded to vented discs.

# **OPTIONAL EXTRAS**

Apart from a few badges, tinted rear lights and vents in the bonnet, there was little to distinguish the 4wd Saph from its predecessor. It was a similar story

# ELECTRICS

Ensure that the Cosworth's electrical gubbins work, checking everything from the power windows to the boot and filler cap releases to the graphic display, the latter lighting up when the boot or a door is open, there's frost on the ground or if a bulb's blown. If the desirable options of air con and electric sunroof are present then inspect them carefully because they'll be costly to repair

Ascertain the condition of the wiring. An ageing loom can cause a multitude of horrors. Pay particular attention to the condition of the underbonnet wiring which often gets damaged through the dirty environment and heat build-up.

The poor design of the fan cooling circuit means it's easily overloaded so make sure it kicks in, while the wiring of the fuel pump is also susceptible to decay. If

4x4 get the pump's operation checked to

the fuel pump wiring is so if you do buy a failing then the supply of fuel will be insufficient and we know what a lack of fuel leads to ... It's not easy to inspect

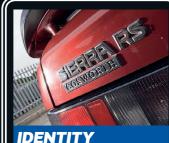
Use 'em hard and the warp the factory front discs. It's common to find them banana'd but it's easy to spot, a telltale being a judder through the pedal and

**BRAKES** 

steering wheel when moderate pressure is applied to the brake pedal. The 4x4 Saph

also likes to eat front pads so listen for any 'clicking' or squealing that means they're close to the metal. The real callipers can stick too so pay attention to the operation of pulling to the side, looking for scoring to the discs, and also feeling for an abundance of heat from either disc after





It's essential to ensure that any 4x4 Cosworth is kosher. Check that all the numbers look untouched and that they tally with those on the V5. The chassis ID is on the slam panel and underneath a flap of carpet between the driver's seat and the sill. The engine number is behind the cambelt cover next to the water pump. For the ID, you want to see BFGC4 - the '4'

denoting 4wd. Be aware that facelifted cars produced from the autumn of 1991 should be wearing the later 'shark tooth' alloys and have a more subtly contoured dash and different instrument style.



# **TECH SPEC**

Type: YBG/YBJ Capacity: 1993cc Bore/stroke: 90.82x76.95mm Compression ratio: 8:1 Max power: 220bhp @ 6000rpm Max torque 214lb/ft @ 3500rpm

Cylinders: four, in-line Cylinder head: aluminium allov

Installation: front-mounted, longitudinal Block: iron Valve gear: four valves per

cylinder, hydraulic tappets. toothed belt-driven DOHC Induction: Weber multipoint fuel injection system Garrett T03B turbocharger Ignition: Marelli electronic breakerless

Management: electronic Weber/Marelli system

# TRANSMISSION

Type: Ferguson-patented 4wd Gearbox: MT75 five-speed manual Internal ratios: 1st 3 62:1: 2nd. 2.08:1; 3rd, 1.36:1; 4th. 1:1: 5th. 0.83:1: final drive, 3.62:1 Clutch: 240mm

# SUSPENSION

Front: MacPherson struts, unique RS spring rates, monotube gas damping. 30mm anti-roll bar Rear: separate springs and single tube gas dampers. 18mm rear anti-roll bar

# **STEERING**

Type: power-assisted rackand-pinion Lock-to-lock: 2.4 turns

# BRAKES

System: vacuum servoassisted dual circuit hydraulic with Teves ABS Front: vented 278mm discs Rear: vented 273mm discs

# WHEELS & TYRES

Wheels: lattice-pattern 7.0Jx15in cast allovs Tyres: 205/50 ZR15. originally Bridgestone ER90

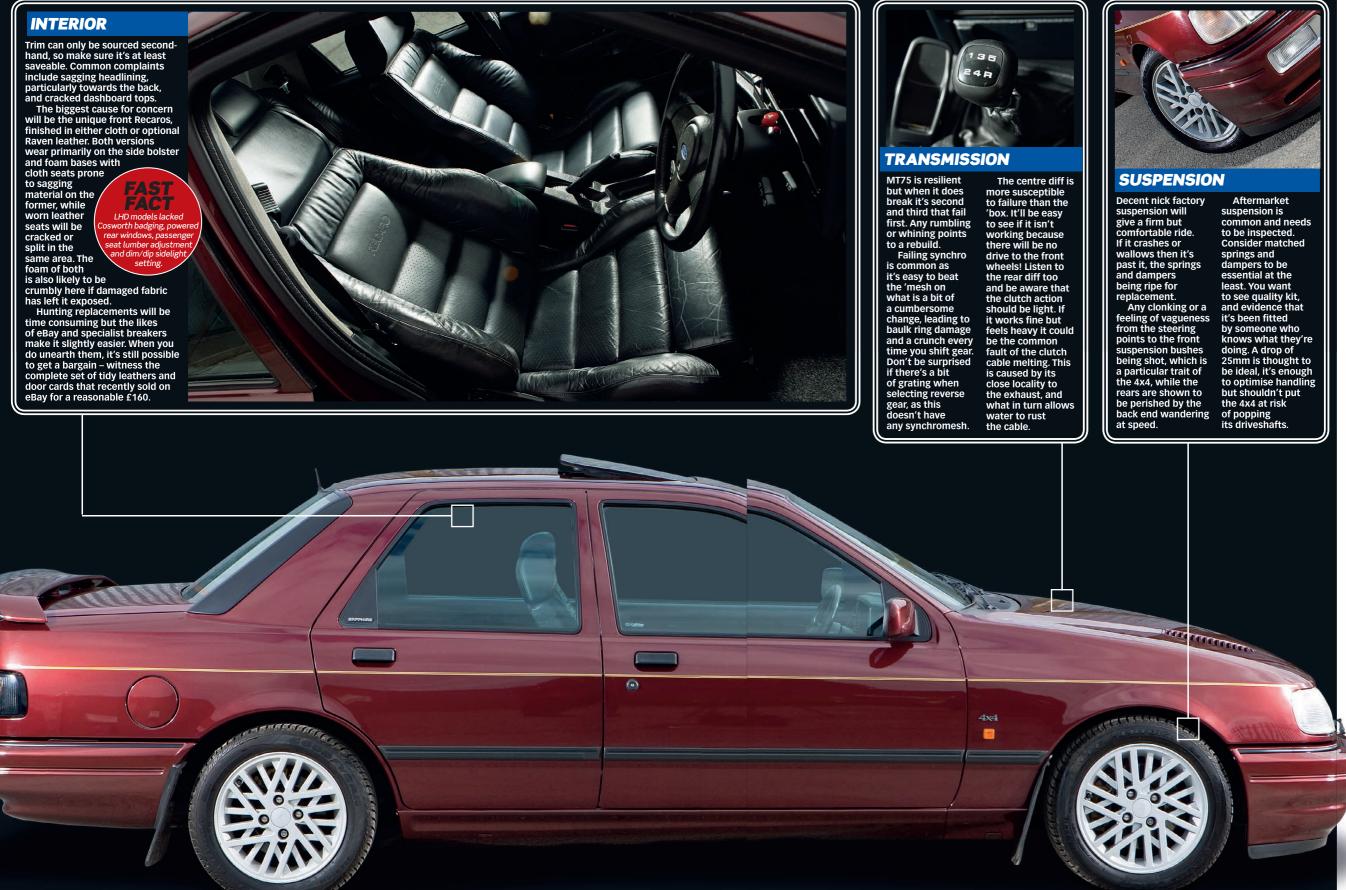
Type: pressed-steel monocoque, based on conventional Sierra, in four-door saloon style, RS polyurethane bodykit

# **PERFORMANCE**

Max speed: 150mph 0-60mph: 6.6seconds



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# **BUYING ONE**

Buying a 4x4 Saph is a doubleedged sword. It's an exciting prospect that can deliver 150mph performance for Fiesta money, but it can be a nightmare which at could see you suffer a wasted trip to view a hyped-up scrapper.

The effects of time and the Cosworth's nature have done little for availability. Auto Trader only turned up 11 nationally, but where they do appear should give you some indication of what's in store.

On a private sale level, the best cars turn up through the enthusiast-led RS Owners' Club's Sierra Sapphire Cosworth 4x4 register, while you shouldn't really be expecting a minter in your local *Trade-It* or eBay. While the majority on the Internet auction site require varying levels of 'fettling', it does tend to have its fair share of 4x4s so it's not a bad source of project material.

What you're prepared to shell out will have a bearing on the chances of landing a good one, but by no means does a big price indicate a good car, all it means is that there's a chance of losing a bigger amount of cash. Much the same applies to modified cars too – a big spec doesn't mean it's well screwed together.

# TRADE SALES

To guarantee peace of mind buy through a reputable trader as at the very least you're protected by law and no trader wants to see a rogue car back for endless warranty work. Buying this way also protects you from cars with dubious history. However, there is literally a price to pay for the reassurance.

The cheapest cars we found were circa £3500 while the most expensive, a 25,000-mile, air con and leather-equipped Diamond White 1992 example was up for £11,995 at Cosworth specialist Jct 28. It sounds a lot but 'you get what you pay for'. The minty Saph also points to the trend in rising prices for good cars and underlines the fact that it's the standard cars, unless expertly modified to a high

degree, that are making the money.

Options such as air con and leather are desirable and unleaded versions are unsurprisingly more appealing, but it's imperative to buy on condition rather than age or specification. Buy the best you can and if you do land a particularly tidy car then there's an extra sweetener – treat it right and you can expect to see your money back, if not more, when you

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# **BUYING GUIDE**

# BODY

Rot is most likely in the rear arches but will manifest in the boot spoiler supports, bonnet edge, door bottoms and where the bodykit fixes to the shell. Hidden areas will be more costly to rectify, the Saph being susceptible to rust in the rear chassis rails, bulkhead, sills and inner wing

area around suspension turrets.
It's a rare Saph that hasn't
had a bit of bodywork damage
resulting from an 'incident', but if it's
straight and HPI-clear don't be too hung up about minor telltales.

up about minor telltales.

Check if the original build date stamps are evident on the upper edge of the front wings, plus the factory sealant that covers the join of the front panel and wings. If they're missing the front end could've been replaced due to a smash, which means you need to probe further back in the engine bay to check for more serious creasing to the chassis rails and inner wings. Also walk away if you see creasing or signs of filler in the boot floor.



# 

As with buying any Cosworth, it's essential to run an HPI check before you hand over vour hard-earned readies. Just a few minutes spent on the phone or on the web can save you from blowing cash on a dodgy 4x4 that's been nicked, written-off or has outstanding finance. Even better, the HPI check is a bargain for the peace-of-mind it provides, costing just £39.99 at www. hpi.co.uk or £42.95 on the end of 01722 422422.

# **INSURANCE**

A foreman by trade and a 'fourman' by nature, site engineer Terry has a real thing for the all-wheel-drive Saph. His 1991 example is completely standard aside from the useful addition of a Cat 1 alarm. The 31-year-old also keeps his Cosworth safe by garaging it at his Exeter home and only using it for 5000 miles per year. He's equally careful when driving it too, having amassed seven years' No Claims Bonus and being the proud owner of an unblemished licence. Terry pays £559.08 for fully comprehensive cover. Ouote provided by Norwich Union via www.aquote.co.uk.



# **CLUBS**

The Ford RS Owners' Club

PO Box 408 Grays

RM17 9ED

www.rsownersclub.co.uk

Ford Sierra Owners' Club enquiries@fordsierra

www.fordsierraclub.co.uk



# IN THE ADS

1992, 300bhp, NMS Gunship conversion, fsh, 109k, rebuilt engine and gearbox, 12 months MoT, all previous MoTs, RS500 I/C, oil breather, Samcos, AP clutch, Konis, full leather, adjustable TCAs, RSOC member, **£499**5 Tel 07890 561859 **West Yorkshire** 

# **BUYING GUIDE**

# **ENGINE**

The 4x4 lump benefits from a stiffer block and hardier build than previous YBs, but does suffer the same maladies, most notable misfiring and head gasket failure. Decent plugs and leads should sort a misfire under acceleration, but if it's erratic

the ECU or a sensor could be at fault. Symptoms of head gasket failure include white sludge on the oil filler cap, high running temp and a thirst for water. The gasket can blow anywhere but it's common to go on the exhaust manifold side.

In standard trim the YB can blow its gasket, but tuning and a 'tweak' to the boost make it more likely. Overzealous tuning can also be responsible for rough running – a poor set-up and cheap chip doing more harm than good. If work has been done ensure you know what and by who.

White smoke points to a faulty head gasket but can also indicate a blown turbo. See if you can remove the hose that runs from the turbo inlet to the airbox and feel for play in the impeller. A little is fine but any more and it's time for a rebuild. Blue smoke can mean that the turbo's oil seals are shot but if it's constant under

all driving conditions then the engine's excessively worn.
Erratic revs are often down to a dirty or worn Idle Speed Control Valve. Check the service history for signs of basic maintenance. At the very least cambelts should be changed at 48,000 miles or four years, while the oil and plugs are ideally about the very 1000 miles. ideally changed every 6000 miles.

# **HOW MUCH?**

# £3000-£4000

The going rate for an MoT'd car that needs a bit of work to bring it up to scratch. Often messed with and wearing a few battle scars, they need close inspection to make sure you're not buying into a whole load of trouble. Expect six-figure mileages and patchy history, but at the same time it is also possible to find a bargain.

# £4000-£6000

Tidy to very good cars, the more expensive examples coming with sensible mileages of circa 80K-90K, very straight bodywork and a fair whack of service history.

# £6000-£8000+

The best cars, particularly at the top end of the price bracket. The more expensive cars should have low mileages in the region of 50-60,000 miles and comprehensive service history. Concours cars and freak low mileage examples with all the options

